

WOMEN IN LOCAL POLITICS IN EUROPE

Figures from 34 European countries of CEMR's membership

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The information presented in this document has been compiled by the Council of European Municipalities and Regions (CEMR). The study is primarily based on research carried out by the national associations from 34 countries of CEMR's membership. CEMR wishes to thank the associations again, as their support allowed to set up this document.

Most figures have been updated following the most recent local elections in the different countries. For data missing, "N.A.", indicates cases where data was not available.

For easy references, a table summarising the main percentages about the presence of women in local governments has been added at the end of each page allowing the reader to compare the different local situations in Europe at a glance.

In addition to the data provided by the national associations, other information sources have also been used such as the internet and in particular the websites of the Inter-parliamentary Union (http://www.ipu.org), the European Parliament (http://www.ipu.org) and the Global Database of Quotas for Women (http://www.guotaproject.org).

For any query about the data shown on the following pages, please do not hesitate to contact Emilie Blondy at the CEMR's Secretariat General (emilie.blondy@ccre.org).

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Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws
Women's presence in local government
65 municipalities and 309 towns
Date of the last/next elections:
Number of local elected representatives:
Capital municipality
Second level municipalities
• Third level municipalities
Number, percentage of women in the municipal executives (in municipalities)
Number, percentage of women heads of town:
Other sub-national levels: 36 districts (intermediary level) and 12 counties (regional level)
Women's presence in Parliament
Number, percentage of women in the Upper House:



AT A GLANCE

	0%			100%
Women members in municipal councils*	10% 2	20%	50%	
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.			
Women mayors	0.4%			
Women heads of town	1%			
No Upper House				
Women in the Lower House	7%			

^{* 6} to 10% in third level municipalities, 20% in second level municipalities and 50% in the capital municipality

Sources and contact point for further enquiry Albanian Association of Municipalities: Fatos HODAJ

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: Quotas imposed by political parties: Social Democratic Party of Austria (SPO) 40%; The Greens 50%; Austrian People's party (OVP) 33%
Women's presence in local government 2 358 Municipalities Date of the last/next elections (different dates):
Other sub-national levels: 9 federated states 'Länder' (regional level)
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House "Bundesrat" (2008):

AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	14%
Women in the municipal executives	20%
Women vice-mayors	11%
Women mayors	3%
Women in the Upper House	30%
Women in the Lower House	7%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry Österreichischer Gemeindebund and Österreichischer Städtebund: Daniela Fraiss and Simona Wolesa

Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted	1920 1948
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: • "In 1994 Belgium passed a law specifying a gradual increase in the maximum of each swas specified that the same sex may not constitute more than three-quarters among the (in 1999 no more than two thirds). Another law passed in 2002 takes this principle furt lists must include an equal share of women and men".*	sex on party lists. It parties' candidates

Quotas imposed by political parties:

"None of the political parties has quota for electoral lists anymore, since all of them are subject to the legal quota of 2002 (EP elections, House of Representatives, Senate, assemblies of the regions and communities) and to the recent legislation regulating the composition of electoral lists for local and provincial elections".*

*Source: quotaproject

Women's and Men's suffrage

Women's presence in local government

589 Municipalities

Date of the last/next elections:	2006/2012
Number of local elected representatives:	13,000
Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils ("Conseils" and "Collège	
Number, percentage of women in the municipal executives (Echevines):	30%
Number, percentage of women mayors (Bourgmestres):	57 (10%)

Other sub-national levels: 10 provinces (intermediary level) and 6 federated states (regional level)

Women's presence in Parliament

Number, percentage of women in the Upper House (200	07):27/71 (38%)
Number, percentage of women in the Lower House (200	7):



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	33%
Women in the municipal executives	30%
Women mayors	10%
Women in the Upper House	38%
Women in the Lower House	55%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry Union of Belgian cities and municipalities: Ann Lobijn

Bulgaria

Last update: 01/2008

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: NO Quotas imposed by political parties: NO
Women's presence in local government 264 Municipalities Date of the last/next elections:
Other sub-national levels: 28 regions (intermediary level) and 6 planning regions (regional level)
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House: Number, percentage of women in the Lower House (2005-2009):



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	30%
Women in the municipal executives	60%
Women mayors	10%
No Upper House	
Women in the Lower House	22%

| Sources and contact point for further enquiry
National association of municipalities in the republic of Bulgaria: Maria Kumanova and Emil Stanev

Women's and Men's suffrage1960Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted1960Women's suffrage granted at local level1960Women's suffrage granted at national level1960Universal suffrage granted for women and men1960
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: NO Quotas imposed by political parties: YES • Movement of Social Democrats (Kisos) 30%
Women's presence in local government 33 urban municipalities and 739 rural communities Date of the last/next elections: 2006/2011 Number of local elected representatives: 398 Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils: 84 (20%) Number, percentage of women in the municipal executives (2002): 4 (20%) Number, percentage of women mayors: 2 (6%)
Other sub-national levels: 6 development districts (intermediary level)
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House: Number, percentage of women in the Lower House: 8/56 (14%)



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	20%
Women in the municipal executives	20%
Women mayors	6%
No Upper House	
Women in the Lower House	14%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry Union of Cyprus municipalities: Athos Germanos

Czech Republic

Last update: 01/2008

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted	
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: Quotas imposed by political parties: • Czech Social Democratic Party (Česká strana sociálně demokratická): 25%; Green Party (Strana zelenýc 33%. "If a local party organization has failed to nominate 25% women among its top candidates, then social Democratic Women's Organization has the right to nominate extra women." Source: quotaproject	
Women's presence in local government 6 249 municipalities Date of the last/next elections:	
Other sub-national level: 14 regions	
Women's presence in local government Number, percentage of women in the Upper House (2006)	



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	25%
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.
Women mayors	18%
Women in the Upper House	14%
Women in the Lower House	16%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry
Union of Towns and Municipalities of the Czech Republic (and Czech Statistical Office): Gabriela Hermannová

Men's suf Women's Women's	s and Men's suffrage age – so called "universal suffrage" – granted	1908
Quotas in Quotas in • "The So Social I Socialis"	on regarding women quotas bosed by national election laws: bosed by political parties:	YMORE 996); the the Left
98 munice Date of the Number of Number, Number,	s presence in local government calities last/next elections:	2,520 39 (27%) 4 (4%)
Other su	national levels: 5 regions (since 2007)	
Number,	s presence in Parliament ercentage of women in the Upper House:	



AT A GLANCE

	0%	100%
Women members in municipal councils	27%	
Women in the municipal executives	4%	
Women mayors	7%	
No Upper House		
Women in the Lower House	38%	

Sources and contact point for further enquiry
Local Government Denmark: Eva Jacobsen and Dorte Thorgaaard

Estonia

Last update: 11/2006

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted	920 918
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: Quotas imposed by political parties:	NO NO
Women's presence in local government 227 Municipalities (194 rural Municipalities, 33 towns) Date of the last/next elections:	260 9%) I.A.
Other sub-national levels: 15 counties (regional level)	
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House:	ıse %)



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	30%
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.
Women mayors	14%
No Upper House	
Women in the Lower House	19%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry Association of Estonian Cities: Toivo Riimaa

Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: YES • 1995: amendment to the Act on Equality between Women and Men (1986) imposing a 40% quota in municipal bodies and bodies established for the purpose of inter-municipal co-operation. The quota does not apply to municipal councils and parliament which are elected in direct elections. Source: Association of Finnish local and regional authorities and quotaproject
Quotas imposed by political parties:
Women's presence in local government
416 Municipalities (update 2007) Date of the last/next elections: 2004/2008
Number of local elected representatives (2002):
Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils:
Number, percentage of women municipal chairs*:
Women first chairs in municipal councils:
Women first chairs in municipal executive boards: Source: AFLRA
Number, percentage of women mayors (2006):

Women's presence in Parliament

Women's and Men's suffrage

Number, percentage of women in the Upper House:	No Upper House
Number, percentage of women in the Lower House (2007)	83/200 (42%)

• Mayors in Finland are civil servants (not politicians); they are elected by the municipal councils' members

Other sub-national levels: 19 regions (intermediary level) and 6 provinces (regional level)



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100°	%
Women members in municipal councils	36%	
1 st chairs in municipal councils*	26%	
1 st chairs in municipal executive boards*	22%	
Women mayors	15%	
No Upper House		
Women in the Lower House	42%	

^{*} corresponding to women in the municipal executives

Sources and contact point for further enquiry

Association of Finnish local and regional authorities: Sinikka Mikola and Sirkka-Liisa Piipponen

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: "Parity has been imposed by a 2000 law for all municipalities with more than 3,500 inhabitants. A 2007 law has enlarged the obligations of equal representation of men and women in municipalities, departments and regions". Source: Association française pour le Conseil des Communes et Régions d'Europe and quotaproject
Quotas imposed by political parties: YES • The Socialist Party (PS) 50%; the Greens (Les Verts) 50%
Women's presence in local government 36 568 Municipalities Date of the last/next elections:
* Source: données du Bureau des Elections du Ministère de l'Intérieur
Other sub-national levels: 96 departments and 4 overseas departments (intermediary level) and 22 regions and 4 overseas regions (regional level)
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House (2004):

AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	35%
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.
Women mayors	13,8%
Women in the Upper House	17%
Women in the Lower House	19%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry CEMR French section: Sabine Martorell

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted Women's suffrage granted at local level	N.A. 1945
Women's suffrage granted at national level Universal suffrage granted for women and men	1945
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: • "The Local Government legislation (2004) has required that lists of candidates for county councils a city of Skopje shall include 30% of each sex (half of these 30% should be placed in the first half of the Source: quotaproject	and the e list)".
 Quotas imposed by political parties: The Social Democratic Union of Macedonia (Socijaldemokratski Sojuz na Makedonija): 30% (for genders). Source: Association of Units of Local Self-Governments of Macedonia and quotaproject 	
Women's presence in local government 84 municipalities (single sub-national level) and the City of Skopje	
Date of the last/next elections:	1,474 (22%) 8 (6%)
A Unit of Local Self-government "City of Skopje" is defined by the separate national Law of City of Stopie Consists in 10 municipalities (Gjorche Petrov, Saraj, Karposh, Shuto Orizari, Butel, Centar, Gazi Baba, Aerodrom, Kisela Voda). Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils:	Skopje. Chair,
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House:	



AT A GLANCE

	0%	100%
Women members in municipal councils	22%	
Women members in municipal councils*	30%	
Women in the municipal executives	6%	
Women mayors	4%	
No Upper House		
Women in the Lower House	28%	

^{*} City of Skopje

Sources and contact point for further enquiry
Association of Units of Local Self-Governments of Macedonia Contact: Dushica Perishic/Ivana Serafimova

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws
Women's presence in local government 13 854 Municipalities
Date of the last/next elections (different dates*):
Number of local elected representatives:
Other sub-national levels: 323 districts 'Kreise' (intermediary level) and 16 federal states 'Länder' (regional level)
Women's presence in Parliament



AT A GLANCE

	0%	100%
Women members in municipal councils	24%	
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.	
Women mayors	15%	
Women in the Upper House	25%	
Women in the Lower House	32%	

Sources and contact point for further enquiry Deutscher Städtetag: Sabine Drees

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by local election laws:
Quotas imposed by political parties:
Women's presence in local government 1,034 local authorities (914 municipalities « Dimos » and 120 rural Municipalities « Kinotita ») Date of the last/next elections: 2006/2010 Number of local elected representatives: 17,616 Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils (2002): 12% Number, percentage of women in the municipal executives: N.A. Number, percentage of women mayors: 32 (3%)
Other sub-national levels: 50 departments "Nomoi" (intermediary level) and 13 regions "Peripheria" (regional level)
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House: Number, percentage of women in the Lower House (2007): 48/300 (16%)



AT A GLANCE

	0%	100%
Women members in municipal councils	12%	
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.	
Women mayors	3%	
No Upper House		
Women in the Lower House	16%	
No Upper House		

Sources and contact point for further enquiry
Central union of Municipalities and Communities: Gabriel Kougianos and Valia Athanasopoulou

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws:
Women's presence in local government 3 158 municipalities Date of the last/next elections:
Other sub-national levels: 19 counties (intermediary level) and 7 regions
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House: Number, percentage of women in the Lower House (2006)



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	28%
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.
Women mayors	16%
No Upper House	
Women in the Lower House	10%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry
Hungarian national association of local authorities: Dr. Gábor Zongor and Veronika Krausz

Women's and Men's suffrageMen's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted1915Women's suffrage granted at local level1920Women's suffrage granted at national level1920Universal suffrage granted for women and men1920
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: Quotas imposed by political parties: "The Social Democratic Alliance (Samfylkingin), former United Front: 40% (2002); the Progressive Party "Framsóknarflokkur": 40% (1996); the Left-Green Party (Vinstrihreyfingin - graent frambod): 50%. Source: Association of local authorities in Iceland and quotaproject
Women's presence in local government 79 Municipalities (single sub-national level) Date of the last/next elections:
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House: Number, percentage of women in the Lower House (2007): 20/63 (32%)



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	36%
Women in the municipal executives (2002)	24%
Women mayors	24%
No Upper House	
Women in the Lower House	32%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry
Association of local authorities in Iceland: Anna Gudrún Björnsdöttir
See also Book from Gunnar Karlsson/http://www.kosningar2002.is/interpro/fel/fel.nsf/pages/kosningar

Ireland

Last update: 11/2007

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: Quotas imposed by political parties: The Workers Party (WP): 40%; the Greens: 40%; Fin Gael: 40%; the Labour Party 20%; Sinn Fein: 40%; the Republican Party Fianna Fail: 30% (in 2005, for internal party positions). Source: General Council of County Councils and quotaproject
Women's presence in local government 80 municipalities and 34 county and city councils Date of the last/next elections:
Other sub-national levels: 8 regional authorities and 2 regional assemblies
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House: 2007



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	19%
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.
Women mayors	N.A.
Women in the Upper House	17%
Women in the Lower House	13%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry General Council of County Councils: Mark Callanan

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted	;
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: • A 1993 law imposing quotas was considered illegal by the Constitutional Court in 1994 Quotas imposed by political parties: • The Green Federation (Federazione dei Verdi): 50%; Communist Refoundation Party (Partito della Rifondazione Comunista) 40%; the Democrats of the Left (Democratici di Sinistra) 40%; the Italian Democratic Socialists (Socialisti Democratici Italiani): 33%; the Italian Communist Party (Partito dei Comunisti Italiani): 50% (for internal positions); the Democracy is Freedom (Democrazia è Libertà - La Margherita), formed in 2001: 24% (for internal positions). Source: CEMR Italian Section and quotaproject	i I
Women's presence in local government 8 103 communes Date of the last/next elections (different dates):	
Other sub-national levels: provinces (intermediary level) and 20 regions and 2 autonomous provinces (regional level)	
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House: 2006	



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	17%
Women in the municipal executives	16%
Women mayors	10%
Women in the Upper House	14%
Women in the Lower House	17%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry CEMR Italian section: Consulta feminile

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: NO Quotas imposed by political parties: NO
Women's presence in local government 516 local authorities «vietējā pašvaldība» (430 rural municipalities «pagasts»; 50 towns «pilsētas»; 36 counties «novads») Date of the last/next elections:
Other sub-national levels: 9 republican towns «republikas pilsētas» (competences of both regions and local authorities) and 26 regional governments «rajons»
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House:



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	42%
Women in the municipal executives	36%
Women mayors	36%
No Upper House	
Women in the Lower House	20%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry Latvian Association of Local and Regional Governments: Elita Kresse

Lithuania

Last update: 09/2007

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: Quotas imposed by political parties: The Social Democratic Party (Lietuvos socialdemokratų partija): 33% of either sex. Source: Association of local authorities in Lithuania
Women's presence in local government 60 Municipalities Date of the last/next elections:
Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils:
Other sub-national levels: 10 counties (regional level)
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House: Number, percentage of women in the Lower House (2004)



AT A GLANCE

	0%	100%
Women members in municipal councils	29%	
Director of municipal administrations*	12%	
Deputy Directors*	18%	
Women mayors	7%	
No Upper House		
Women in the Lower House	21%	

^{*} corresponding to women in the municipal executives:

Sources and contact point for further enquiry
Association of local authorities in Lithuania and Central Electoral Commission of the Republic of Lithuania: Aušra Sauliene

Luxembourg

Last update: 01/2008

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted	1919 1919
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: Quotas imposed by political parties: "The Green Party (Déi Gréng) seeks to apply parity in party bodies, positions and on lis Socialist People's Party (Chrëschtlech Sozial Vollekspartei) is targeting a 33% quota for party lists; the Left (Déi Lénk) applies a 50% quota in the party body and on the electoral list Socialist Workers' Party (Lëtzebuerger Sozialistesch Arbechterpartei) has adopted a copositions (33%), the target is parity". Source: Association of Luxembourg towns and in quotaproject	sts; the Christian women on their ists; Luxembourg quota for internal
Women's presence in local government 116 Municipalities (among which 12 towns)/single sub-national level	2005/2044
Date of the last/next elections: Number of local elected representatives:	
Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils (including executives):	
Number, percentage of women in the municipal executives (including mayors):	



AT A GLANCE

	0%	100%
Women members in municipal councils	21%	
Women in the municipal executives	14%	
Women mayors	11%	
No Upper House		
Women in the Lower House	23%	

Sources and contact point for further enquiry

Women's presence in Parliament

Association of Luxembourg towns and municipalities: Mireille Colbach-Cruchten

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws:
Women's presence in local government 68 Municipalities (local councils) Date of the last/next elections:
Number, percentage of women mayors: 6 (9%)
Other sub-national levels 3 regions consisting of 14, 25 and 29 local councils Women's presence in Parliament
Number, percentage of women in the Upper House:



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	18%
Women in the municipal executives	13%
Women mayors	9%
No Upper House	
Women in the Lower House	9%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry Local Councils Association: Jimmy Magro

The Netherlands

Last update: 01/2008

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called 'universal suffrage' granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws
Women's presence in local government 443 Municipalities Date of the last/next elections:
Other sub-national levels: 12 provinces (regional level)
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House (2007)



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	26%
Women in the municipal executives	18%
Women mayors	20%
Women in the Upper House	35%
Women in the Lower House	36%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry Association of Dutch Municipalities: Elisabeth Roussel

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: Quotas imposed by political parties: The Socialist Left Party (Sosialistisk Venstreparti): 40% (for both sexes on electoral lists); the Norwegian Labour Party (Det Norske Arbeiderparti): 40% (for both sexes); the Centre Party (Senterpartiet): 40% (for either sex); the Christian People's Party (Kristelig Folkeparti): 40% (for both sexes); the Liberal Party (Venstre): 40%. Source: Norwegian association of local and regional authorities and quotaproject
Women's presence in local government 431 Municipalities Date of the last/next elections:
Other sub-national levels: 19 counties (regional level)
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House:



AT A GLANCE

	0%	100%
Women members in municipal councils	38%	
Women in the municipal executives	42%	
Women mayors	23%	
No Upper House		
Women in the Lower House	38%	

Sources and contact point for further enquiry
Norwegian association of local and regional authorities and Statistics Norway: Thomas Scheen and Liss Schanke

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted	
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws:	
Women's presence in local government 2478 Municipalities "gminy" (307 urban, 1589 rural, 582 mixed) Date of the last/next elections:	
Other sub-national levels: 315 counties "powiaty" (intermediary level) and 16 regions "wojewodztwa"	
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House (2007)	



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	21%
Women in the municipal executives*	12%
Women mayors	8%
Women in the Upper House	8%
Women in the Lower House	20%

^{*} See above

Sources and contact point for further enquiry
Association of Polish cities (in collaboration with the Government office for equal opportunities, the National Election
Committee and the Central Statistical Office): Hanna Leki and Alicja Stachowiak

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: A 2006 law has required that the candidate lists, for the elections to the local public authorities, should have a minimum of 33% of women on the lists. Source: quotaproject
Quotas imposed by political parties: YES • The Socialist Party (Partido Socialista): 33% (for party lists). Source: quotaproject
Women's presence in local government 308 municipalities « Municipios » Date of the last/next elections:
Other sub-national levels: 18 districts « Distrito » (intermediary level) and 5 regional coordination commissions and autonomous regions (Madeira and Azores)
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House:



AT A GLANCE

		_
	0% 100%	
Women members in municipal councils	N.A.	
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.	
Women mayors	6%	
No Upper House		
Women in the Lower House	19%	

| Sources and contact point for further enquiry | National association of Portuguese municipalities: Landri Pinto

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws:
Women's presence in local government 3 136 local councils (2,864 rural localities « comune » ; 208 towns « orase » ; 103 municipalités « municipii ») Date of the last/next elections
Other sub-national levels: 14 counties « judet » (intermediary level) and 8 development regions
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House (2004): Number, percentage of women in the Lower House (2007): 37/331 (11%)



AT A GLANCE

	0%
Women members in municipal councils	N.A.
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.
Women mayors	4%
Women in the Upper House	10%
Women in the Lower House	11%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry
Association of Romanian Communes: Ovidiu Dumitrache

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: YES • The Local Election Act states that the lists of the political must contain at least 30% of each sex. Every fourth place is reserved for the less represented sex." Source: Standing Conference of Towns and Municipalities and quotaproject
Quotas imposed by political parties:YES • Social Democratic Party (SDP): 30% of each sex on the party's list for elections. Source: quotaproject
Women's presence in local government 167 municipalities (single sub-national level) and the Vojvodina autonomous Province Date of the last/next elections: 2004/2008 Number of local elected representatives: N.A. Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils: N.A. Number, percentage of women in the municipal executives: N.A. Number, percentage of women mayors: 4 (2%)
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House:

AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	N.A.
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.
Women mayors	2%
No Upper House	
Women in the Lower House	20%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry
Standing Conference of Towns and Municipalities: Jasmina Krunic and Vladimir Jovanovic

Slovakia

Last update: 02/2008

Women's and	Men's	suffrage
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Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted	07
Women's suffrage granted at local level192	20
Women's suffrage granted at national level192	
Universal suffrage granted for women and men192	

Legislation regarding women quotas

Quotas imposed by national	l election laws:	NO
Quotas imposed by political	l parties:	YES

• The People's Party - Movement for a Democratic Slovakia (HZDS L'udová strana) has a parity target; the Alliance of the New Citizen (Aliancia Nového Obcana) has an informal 33% quota for women. Source: quotaproject

Women's presence in local government

2 887 municipalities

Date of the last/next elections:	2006/2010
Number of local elected representatives:	
Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils:	
Number, percentage of women in the municipal executives:	
Number, percentage of women mayors:	

Other sub-national level: 8 regions

Women's presence in local government

Number, percentage of women in the Upper House:	No Upper House
Number, percentage of women in the Lower House (2006):	29/150 (19%)



AT A GLANCE

	0%	6
Women members in municipal councils	20%	
Women in the municipal executives	66%	
Women mayors	21%	
No Upper House		
Women in the Lower House	19%	

Sources and contact point for further enquiry

Association of Towns and Communities of Slovakia and the Office for statistics of the Republic of Slovakia: Michal Chudik

See also: www.statistics.sk

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted	
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by election laws: • A 2005 law stipulates has required that "20% quota for local elections in 2006. The quota will increase to 30% for the 2010 election and 40% for the 2014 election." Source: quotaproject Quotas imposed by political parties: • The Social Democrats (Socialni Demokrati): 40%; the Liberal Democracy Party (Liberalna Demokracija	
Slovenije): a gender neutral 25%; the Liberal Democracy Party: 33% quota for both sexes on the party lists for local elections." Source: Association of Municipalities and Towns of Slovenia and quotaproject Women's presence in local government 192 municipalities Date of the last/next elections: 2006/2010	
Number of local elected representatives (2004):	
Women's presence in local government Number, percentage of women in the Upper House (2002)	



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	22%
Women in the municipal executives	44%
Women mayors	4%
Women in the Upper House	8%
Women in the Lower House	13%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry
Association of Municipalities and Towns of Slovenia: Sonja Robnik, Jasmina Vidmar, Mojca Mernik

Women's and Men's suffrage

Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted	1812
Women's suffrage granted at local level	
Women's suffrage granted at national level	
Universal suffrage granted for women and men	

Legislation regarding women quotas

Quotas imposed by national election laws:.....YES

• The 2007 Equality Law ("Ley de Igualdad") modified the electoral law and introduced the "principle of balanced presence". Party electoral lists are required to have a minimum of 40% and a maximum of 60% of either sex among their candidates in all elections including local elections (for towns with more than 5,000 inhabitants). By 2011 only villages under 3,000 inhabitants will not be obliged to comply with the Equality Law. The law was first applied in the local and regional elections of May 2007. Quota requirements are also included in regional laws. By March 2007 several Autonomous Communities had adopted quotas (50% of any party electoral list) to the regional elections such as Balearic Islands, Castilla-La Mancha, Andalusia and the Basque Country. It is expected that other Autonomous Communities which are currently modifying their constitution (the so-called statutes of autonomy) will also incorporate legal quotas. Source: quotaproject

Quotas imposed by political parties:YES

• The Spanish Socialist Workers' Party (PSOE): 40%; the United Left (IU): 40%; the Socialist Party of Catalonia (PSC): 40%; the Initiative for Catalonia- Green (ICV): 40%; the Republican Left of Catalonia (ERC): 40%; the Nationalist Galician Block (BNG): 40%; the Canarian Coalition (CC): 40%. Source: Spanish federation of municipalities and provinces and quotaproject

Women's presence in local government

8110 Municipalities

Date of the last/next elections:	2007/2011
Number of local elected representatives:	72,080
Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils:	
Number, percentage of women in the municipal executives:	
Number, percentage of women mayors:	1,200 (15%)

Other sub-national levels: 52 provinces (intermediary level) and 17 autonomous communities (regional level)

Women's presence in Parliament

Number, percentage of women in the Upper House	(2004):		(22%)
Number, percentage of women in the Lower House	(2004):	:	(36%)



AT A GLANCE

	0%	100%
Women members in municipal councils	46%	
Women in the municipal executives	31%	
Women mayors	15%	
Women in the Upper House	22%	
Women in the Lower House	36%	

Sources and contact point for further enquiry

Spanish federation of municipalities and provinces: Antonina Mielgo Casado

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws:
Women's presence in local government 290 municipalities Date of the last/next elections: 2006/2010 Number of local elected representatives: 39,200 Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils: 42% Number, percentage of women in the municipal executives (2002): 36% Number, percentage of women mayors (2002): 30%
Other sub-national level: 21 counties
Women's presence in local government Number, percentage of women in the Upper House: Number, percentage of women in the Lower House (2006)



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	42%
Women in the municipal executives	36%
Women mayors	30%
Women in the Upper House	22%
Women in the Lower House	47%

| Sources and contact point for further enquiry Swedish Association of Local Authorities and Regions: Tommy Holm and Elisabet Ljungberg

Switzerland

Last update: 01/2008

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws:
Women's presence in local government 2,768 municipalities Date of the last/next elections: different dates according to cantons Number of local elected representatives (2005): 15,000 Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils: N.A. Number, percentage of women in the municipal executives (2005): N.A. Number, percentage of women mayors (2005): 320 (11%)
Other sub-national level: Swiss cantons (with own constitution)
Women's presence in local government Number, percentage of women in the Upper House (2007)

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AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	N.A.
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.
Women mayors	11%
Women in the Upper House	22%
Women in the Lower House	29%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry CEMR Swiss Section: Jean MEYLAN

Women's and Men's suffrage Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: NO Quotas imposed by political parties: NO
Women's presence in local government Local governments: 446 towns, 790 communities, 10,227 villages Date of the last/next elections: 2002/2006 Number of local elected representatives (2006): 194,245 Number, percentage of women officials (2006) 71,814 (75%) Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils (2006): 43% Number, percentage of women in the municipal executives (2006): 28,015 (28%) Number, percentage of women mayors: N.A.
Other sub-national level: 24 regions "oblast", 488 districts "raion" and the Autonomous Republic of Crimea (regional level)
Women's presence in local government Number, percentage of women in the Upper House:

AT A GLANCE 0% 100% omen members in municipal councils Women in the municipal executives 28% Women mayors N.A. No Upper House Women in the Lower House 8%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry

Association of Ukrainian Cities and Communities and the Ukrainian Institute Verkhovna Rada: Olena Tomniuk and Nataliya Lazarenko

United Kingdom

Last update: 01/2008

Women's and Men's suffrage1918Men's suffrage – so called "universal suffrage" – granted1918Women's suffrage granted at local level1894Women's suffrage granted at national level1928Universal suffrage granted for women and men1928
Legislation regarding women quotas Quotas imposed by national election laws: NO Quotas imposed by political parties: YES Liberal Democrats 40%
Women's presence in local government 468 local authorities in the UK/England: 9 regions, 32 London boroughs; 5 metropolitan counties; 34 non- metropolitan counties, 41 unitary councils Date of the last/next elections: 2007(not in Northern Ireland)/2008 Number of local elected representatives (2004): 19,689 (England) Number, percentage of women members in municipal councils: 29% Number, percentage of women in the municipal executives: N.A. Number, percentage of women mayors: N.A.
Other sub-national levels: 34 counties in England (intermediary level); 3 parliaments in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland (regional level)
Women's presence in Parliament Number, percentage of women in the Upper House (data: 2007):



AT A GLANCE

	0% 100%
Women members in municipal councils	29%
Women in the municipal executives	N.A.
Women mayors	N.A.
Women in the Upper House	19%
Women in the Lower House	20%

Sources and contact point for further enquiry Local Government Association: Heleen Jalvingh